

Rule Recommended for Temporary Adoption, Docket No. 58-0102-1101

278. LOWER BOISE RIVER SUBBASIN, HUC 17050114 SUBSECTION ~~150140.12.~~

01. Boise River, SW-1 and SW-5 -- Salmonid Spawning and Dissolved Oxygen. The waters of the Boise River from Veterans State Park to its mouth will have dissolved oxygen concentrations of six (6) mg/l or seventy-five percent (75%) of saturation, whichever is greater, during the spawning period of salmonid fishes inhabiting those waters. (3-15-02)

02. Indian Creek, SW-3b, Mason Creek, SW-6, and Sand Hollow Creek, SW-17 -- Modified Aquatic Life Use. All numeric criteria applicable to the seasonal cold water aquatic life use apply with the exception of dissolved oxygen. Dissolved oxygen concentrations are to exceed four (4) mg/l at all times. (3-15-02)

03. Fifteenmile Creek, SW-7; Tenmile Creek, SW-8, and Five Mile Creek, SW-10 -- Modified Aquatic Life Use. All numeric criteria applicable to the seasonal cold water aquatic life use apply. (3-15-02)

04. Boise River, SW-5 and SW-11a -- Copper and Lead Aquatic Life Criteria. The water-effect ratio (WER) values used in the equations in Subsection 210.02 for calculating copper and lead CMC and CCC values shall be two and five hundred seventy-eight thousandths (2.578) for dissolved copper and two and forty-nine thousandths (2.049) for lead. These site-specific criteria shall apply to the Boise River from the Lander St. wastewater outfall to where the channels of the Boise River become fully mixed downstream of Eagle Island.(5-3-03)

05. Indian Creek, SW-3a -- Site-Specific Criteria for Water Temperature. A maximum weekly maximum temperature of thirteen degrees C (13°C) to protect mountain whitefish and rainbow trout spawning and incubation applies from October 15 through June 30. (6-30-11)T

06. Boise River, SW-5 and SW-11a -- Site-Specific Criteria for Water Temperature. A maximum weekly maximum temperature of thirteen degrees C (13°C) to protect brown trout, mountain whitefish, and rainbow trout spawning and incubation applies from October 1 through July 15. (6-30-11)T

(Break in Continuity of Sections)

401. POINT SOURCE WASTEWATER TREATMENT REQUIREMENTS.

Unless more stringent limitations are necessary to meet the applicable requirements of Sections 200 through 300, or unless specific exemptions are made pursuant to Subsection 080.02, wastewaters discharged into surface waters of the state must have the following characteristics: (4-11-06)

01. Temperature. The wastewater must not affect the receiving water outside the mixing zone so that: (7-1-93)

a. The temperature of the receiving water or of downstream waters will interfere with designated beneficial uses. (7-1-93)

b. Daily and seasonal temperature cycles characteristic of the water body are not maintained. (7-1-93)

~~**c.** If the water is designated for warm water aquatic life, the induced variation is more than plus two (+2) degrees C. (3-15-02)~~

~~**d.** If the water is designated for cold water aquatic life, seasonal cold water aquatic life, or salmonid spawning, the induced variation is more than plus one (+1) degree C. (3-15-02)~~

ec. If temperature criteria for the designated aquatic life use are exceeded in the receiving waters upstream of the discharge due to natural background conditions, then ~~Subsections 401.01.c. and 401.01.d. do not apply and instead~~ wastewater must not raise the receiving water temperatures by more than three tenths (0.3) degrees C. (4-11-06)(6-30-11)T

02. Turbidity. The wastewater must not increase the turbidity of the receiving water outside the mixing zone by: (7-1-93)

a. More than five (5) NTU (Nephelometric Turbidity Units) over background turbidity, when background turbidity is fifty (50) NTU or less; or (7-1-93)

b. More than ten percent (10%) increase in turbidity when background turbidity is more than fifty (50) NTU, not to exceed a maximum increase of twenty-five (25) NTU. (7-1-93)

03. Total Chlorine Residual. The wastewater must not affect the receiving water outside the mixing zone so that its total chlorine residual concentration exceeds eleven one-thousandths (0.011) mg/l. (1-1-89)